Southern Flow Corridor Flood Damage Reduction Project

1733-DR-OR PW NO.: Alternate Project #13 to Project Worksheet 936

Final Appeal Hearing
October 12, 2012

evised October 24 2012

Outline of Presentation

- Flood Mitigation History
- Stakeholders and Project Team
- How it Floods: Landscape and Flow Paths
- Project Description
- Project Filing History
- BCA Review Issues
 - Focus on main issues in last review
 - Economics Validation
 - Emphasis on Agricultural Damages
- Summary

Project Filing History

- 12/30/2009: POTB Submits Alternate Project Request
 - 2/2010: Project Exodus Final Report Released.
 - 3/11/2010: OEM/FEMA notifies POTB a Benefit-Cost Analysis is needed for the project (Project Exodus Draft Final Report October 2009); and also discusses other elements required for the review/approval process (i.e., legal responsibility/assurance for long term maintenance).
 - 9/16/2010: POTB provides Legal Opinions from Oregon Legislative Counsel and Tillamook County Counsel concerning legal responsibility under 44 CFR 206.233(a)(3) to undertake the proposed project.
 - 11/2010: Benefit-Cost Analysis ("BCA") (November 2010) submitted to OEM.
 BCA is reviewed by OEM's independent reviewer.
 - 12/2010: Benefit-Cost Analysis (December 2010 Revision A) is submitted.
 - 1/13/2011: OEM determines BCA is credible and meets the minimum criteria of 44 CFR 206.434(c); and requests FEMA's consideration, further review and follow up comments on project eligibility.

Project Filing History (continued)

- 3/28/2011: Notification of Denial Project Eligibility
 - 4/2011 5/2011: POTB works with OEM to address the items listed in FEMA Region X's 3/16/2011 Letter of Denial.
 - 5/2011: Southern Flow Corridor Landowner Preferred Alternative Preliminary Design Report is created; and a Benefit-Cost Analysis (Revised May 2011) is prepared for the Report.
- 5/25/2011: POTB Submits First Appeal
 - 8/22/2011: FEMA Region X Requests Additional Information.
 - 9/5/2011: POTB submits Additional Information, which includes a revised BCA.

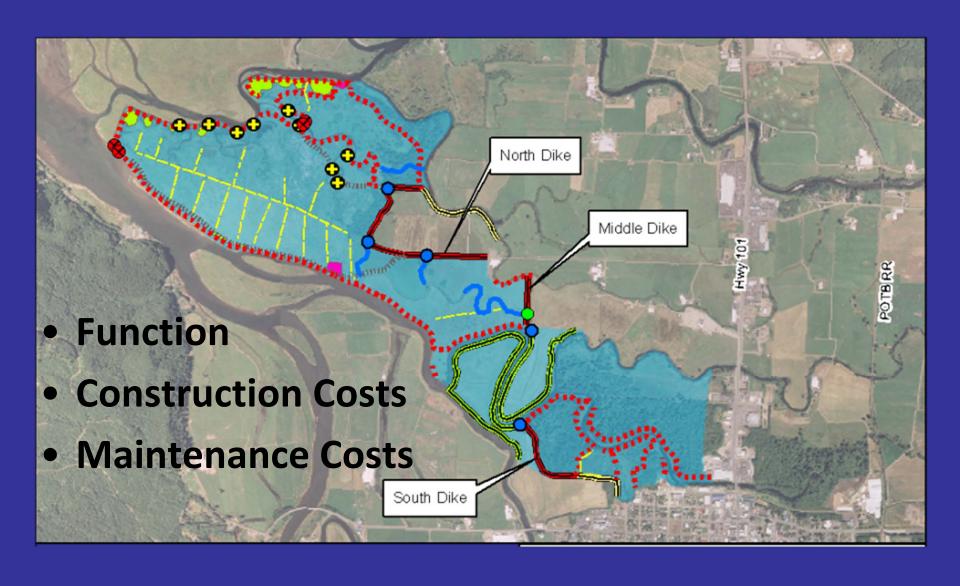
Project Filing History (continued)

- 1/24/2012: Notification of FEMA Region X Denial First Appeal
 - 2/2012 3/2012: POTB works with OEM to address the items listed in FEMA's
 1/13/2012 Letter of Denial.
 - 3/2012: Benefit-Cost Analysis (March 2012) is prepared.
- 3/23/2012: POTB submits Second (Final) Appeal
 - 3/2012 5/2012: BCA is reviewed by OEM's independent reviewer; and the BCA is modified to address these comments.
 - 5/15/2012: POTB submits Second Appeal.
 - 6/12/2012: Oregon Governor Kitzhaber Letter of Support to FEMA HQ.
 - 6/26/2012: U.S. Senators Ron Wyden and Jeff Merkley and U.S. Representative Kurt Schrader Letter of Support to FEMA HQ.
 - 8/15/2012: Notification of FEMA HQ Request for Additional Information
 - 8/31/2012: POTB submits Additional Information
 - 10/12/2012 (TODAY): Second Appeal Hearing

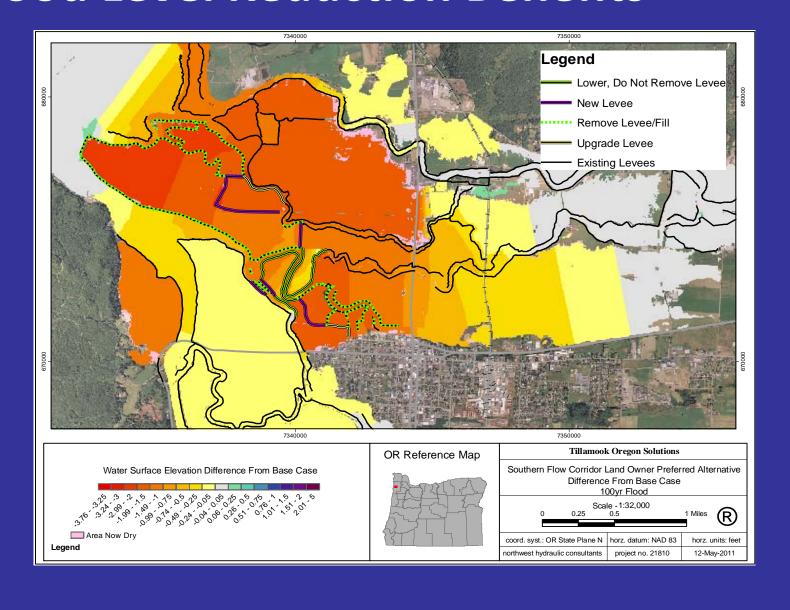
Project Design & BCA Team

- Vaughn Collins, NHC
 - Project Engineer/Designer/PM
- Rob Flaner, Tetra Tech
 - BCA/BCAR
- Ed Whitford, Tetra Tech
 - HAZUS

Southern Flow Corridor Project



Flood Level Reduction Benefits



Economics: Benefit – Cost Analysis Methods

HAZUS Model & Inputs

Flood Depths

Building Inventory

BCAR Model

Damage Validation

Agricultural Damages

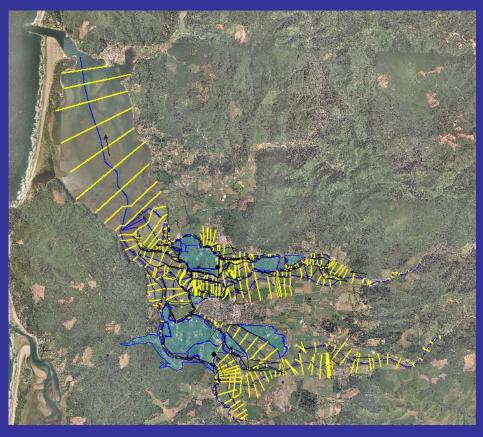
Inputs: Flood Data

 Calibrated Unsteady Flow HEC-RAS model

> Updated with new Lidar by NHC

- Reviewed by Corps of Engineers
- 6, 22, 100 year floods simulated
 - Pre and Post Project
 - Custom OutputProcessing GIS Script
 - High resolution flood depth grids

Flood Frequency	Historic Flood	Calibration Data
6 –yr	1999	Yes
22-yr	2007	Yes
100-yr	No	No



Inputs: Structures Data

Location

Digitized from aerial photograph Ground Elevation at centroid

Structure Elevation Information

Elevation Certificates (16)

Photographs (361)

Typical elevations (190)

Assessor Information

Square Footage Assessed Value Building Use/Type

Match GIS-Assessor Data



HAZUS – BCAR Application

- HAZUS Inputs
 - Pre and Post Project Depth Grids
 - Structure Data & Location
- Default Depth-Damage Functions Applied
 - Buildings
 - Contents
 - Inventory (Commercial/Ag only)
- Damage Estimates Exported
 - At individual structure level by flood
- HAZUS displacement /disruption cost functions applied
 - No displacement costs for Agriculture
- BCAR Damage Frequency Assessment
 - Summed Damages
 - Project Construction, Real Estate and Maintenance Costs
 - Benefit-Cost Ratio Calculated

Calibration with Historic Damages

- Compare Historic vs. HAZUS Data for similar floods
- Residential

	ln	Insurance Claims		HAZUS Analysis (22-Year Flood)		% different
Event	No. Claims	Total Claims (Unadj. \$)	Average Claim Paid (2011\$)	Total Residential Loss	Average Loss	
12/28/1998	7	\$182,405	\$45,215	\$1,055,738	\$27,070	-40%
11/6/2006	18	\$708,846	\$43,960	\$1,055,738	\$27,070	-38%

• HAZUS ~40% Lower than Historic Claims

Calibration with Historic Damages

Commercial

	Insurance Claims		HAZUS Analysis 22-Year Flood		% different	
Flood Event	No. Claims	Total Claims (Unadj \$)	Average Claim Paid (2011\$)	Total Commercial Loss	Average Loss	
12/28/1998	23	\$1,176,731	\$74,535	\$8,057,000	\$104,637	+40%
11/6/2006	21	\$1,769,332	\$92,125	\$8,057,000	\$104,637	+14%

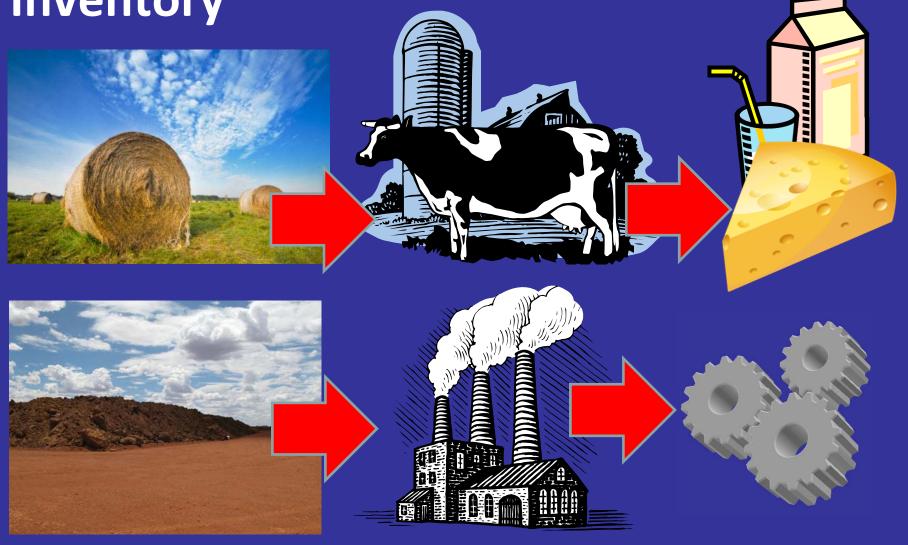
Address	Event	RCV (2011\$)	HAZUS Loss Estimate – 22-yr Flood	% Different
#1 Main Ave.	11/6/2006	\$232,864	\$389,850	+67
#2 Main Ave.	11/6/2006	\$536,243	\$1,092,045	+103%
#11 Main Ave.	11/6/2006	\$290,122	\$481,717	+66%

- HAZUS Losses~ 18%-40% Greater than Historic Claims
- Replacement Cash Value 114% of Paid Claims

Agricultural Damages: Value of Tillamook County Farms

Item	United States	Tillamook County, OR	Percent of U.S. Avg
Total farm production expenses	\$ 109,359	\$ 286,449	262%
Estimated value ofmachinery and equipment	\$ 88,357	\$ 134,016	152%
Total sales	\$ 134,807	\$ 367,072	272%
Average Size of Farm (acres)	418	125	30%
Production Expenses/acre	\$ 262	\$ 2,292	876%
Machinery & Equipment Value/acre	\$ 211	\$ 1,072	507%
Total Sales/acre	\$ 323	\$ 2,937	911%

 Tillamook Farms have much higher value than the national average Agricultural Damages: Dairy Farms & Inventory



Agricultural Damages: Types of Damage

- Feed/fertilizer/equipment loss and damage
 - Stored in structures during flood season
- Cow Stress/mortality
 - Reduced milk production for months
 - Drowning in larger floods
- Pasture renewal
 - Feed costs greatest damage incurred
 - Up to 18 months before pastures back in production



Dairy Farms incur long-term damage costs

Agricultural Damages: 1996 Flood

Item	Value	Loss (\$2011)
Reported Flood Damages County Wide	\$12,123,040 (\$2011)	
Apportioned to SFC Project Area	20%	
Estimated SFC Project Area Damages		\$2,435,000
TCCA Reported Production Losses	\$750,000/mo (\$1996)	
Apportioned to SFC Project Area	20%	
Estimated TCCA Losses in Project Areas	\$150,000/mo (\$1996)	
Reported additional time of loss	10 months	
Estimated Total TCCA losses in Project Area		\$2,145,000
TOTAL ESTIMATED LOSS 1996 FLOOD		\$4,570,000
HAZUS ESTIMATED LOSS 2007 FLOOD		\$8,125,000
Percent Different		+78%

Aggregate Damage Adjustment

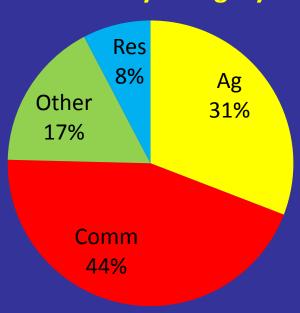
- Summary of Historic-HAZUS Loss Estimate Differences
 - Residential -40%
 - Commercial +14% (0% RCV)
 - Agricultural +78%
- Historic damages should be less than HAZUS estimates
 - Commercial Insurance Payments 86% of RCV
 - No Loss of Income, Disruption/Displacement Costs
- Aggregated Loss Calibration Approach
 - Reduce Commercial and Ag inventory loss by 50% for 6 and 22-year floods

Adjusted Damages & BCR

- With Adjustment: Historic-HAZUS Loss Estimate Differences
 - Residential -40%
 - Commercial +1%
 - Agricultural +45%
- No Loss of Income Included
- Avoided Damages*: \$9,204,000
- Project Costs: \$8,336,000
- Benefit-Cost Ratio*: 1.10

*Includes Transportation Benefits – See October 24, 2012
Memorandum

Benefits by Category



Benefit/Cost Robustness

- 25% Construction Cost Contingency \$1.3 million
- Flood Damages
 - Commercial /Ag values calibrated/lowered
 - Commercial damages appear to be understated
 - Residential values not increased
- Benefits Not Quantified
 - Habitat/Fisheries *
 - Transportation*
 - Reduced Levee Maintenance
- Evaluated for Climate Change Impacts
 - Sea Level Rise
 - Sedimentation
 - Peak Flow Increase
- * See October 24, 2012 Memorandum now quantified



Summary

- Project meets Cost-Effectiveness Criteria
 - Provides modest benefits over wide area
 - Adjusted to reflect historic damages
 - Healthy BCR
- Sustainable
 - Sea level rise, sedimentation, peak flows
- Very large habitat benefits
- Done in full accordance with FEMA procedures
- Tillamook County: Proven record of flood hazard mitigation project implementation
- Does not preclude further individual structure mitigation measures in the future